[Seal]

To All and Singular to Whom These Presents Shall Come,

Greetings

Diplomatic Notice

Notice of Sovereignty by the People of Texas acting in their capacity as the Texian Jural Society

The Body Politic of the People of Texas for the Administration of Justice

Successor in Interest of We the people of the republic of Texas
Founded March 2nd, 1836
by the Texas Declaration of Independence

and

Revised Notice of Re-Inhabitation of the Land of Texas by the People of Texas acting in their capacity as the Texian Jural Society

To The:

People and Nations of the International Community

April 21, 2012

Maxims of Law

If ever the law of God and man are at variance, the former are to be obeyed in derogation of the latter.

All things are presumed to be done in due form.

The Common Law does not admit to trivialities.

Where the law is uncertain, there is no law.

Where there is no remedy, there is no law.

Those things which agree in substance though not in the same words, do not differ.

The power which is derived cannot be greater than that from which it is derived.

A public right cannot be changed by private agreement.

Frequently where the propriety of words is attended to, the meaning of truth is lost.

The meaning of words is the spirit of the law.

Words are to be understood, according to the proper meaning, not in a grammatical, but in a popular and ordinary sense.

General things are to be put before particular things.

In the agreements of the contracting parties, the rule is to regard the intention rather than the words.

Preamble

Nature of Sovereignty in Texas

WHEREAS, The Jural Society in Texas, being a body politic for the administration of justice, has been referred to as We the People, the People of Texas, the republic of Texas, the Texian Jural Society, among many other titles and they have at all times the right to refer to themselves as they see fit without being characterized as separate and/or multiple Body Politics; furthermore, use of these various appellations shall not be construed as creating any fictions at law or civil law entities; and,

WHEREAS, The People of Texas, hereinafter referred to as "the Texian Jural Society" are a Body Politic, founded by the Texas Declaration of Independence on March 2nd of 1836, in which the People identify themselves in the following manner in the Preamble of the 1845 State of Texas Constitution;

"We, the people of the republic of Texas......, ordain and establish this constitution."

AND FURTHER, The Texian Jural Society reserves the authority to ratify constitutions, establish governments and delegate their authority to agents and offices from time to time as shall be thought to be most meet for the General Good; and,

FURTHER, The Tenth Amendment to the Constitution for the United States of America as Amended by the Bill of Rights states as follows;

"The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people."

AND FURTHER, When the Delegates of the People of Texas in convention made their Unanimous Declaration of Independence on March 2nd of 1836 from Mexico, all the powers of a sovereign nation rested in the hands of the People of Texas as quoted here in part;

"....and that the People of Texas do now constitute a free, sovereign, and independent republic, and are fully invested with all the rights and attributes which properly belong to independent States;"

AND FURTHER, The People of Texas declared themselves to be the republic reserving the republic to themselves perpetually down to the present day.

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Article 1

Sovereignty Reserved By the Texian Jural Society over the government of the Republic of Texas

WHEREAS, When the Texian Jural Society ratified the creation of the Republic of Texas government, they delegated certain of their powers to the government and retained all others not enumerated, and memorialized these delegations in the 1836 Declaration of Rights in the Constitution of the Republic of Texas, and quoted in part as follows:

"This Declaration of Rights is declared to be a part of this Constitution, and shall never be violated on any pretence whatever. And in order to guard against the transgression of the high powers which we have delegated, we declare that everything in this bill of rights contained, and every other right not hereby delegated, is reserved to the People.

Second. All political power is inherent in the People, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their benefit; and they have at all times an inalienable right to alter their government in such manner as they may think proper."

Article 2

Sovereignty Reserved By the Texian Jural Society over the government of the State of Texas

WHEREAS, When the Texian Jural Society ratified the union of the Republic of Texas government with the united States, they delegated certain of their powers to the State of Texas government and retained all others not enumerated, and memorialized these delegations in the 1845 Constitution of the State of Texas, and reserved their Powers to alter, reform or abolish their form of government in the Bill of Rights quoted in part as follows:

"ARTICLE 1 SEC. 1. All political power is inherent in the people, and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their benefit; and they have at all times the unalienable right to alter, reform, or abolish their form of government, in such manner as they may think expedient."

AND FURTHER, The Texian Jural Society reserved the republic to themselves in the Preamble of the State of Texas Constitution in 1845 which is quoted as follows:

"We, the people of **the republic of Texas**, acknowledging with gratitude the grace and beneficence of God, in permitting us to make a choice of our form of government, do, in accordance with the provisions of the joint resolution for annexing Texas to the United States, approved March first, one thousand eight hundred and forty-five, ordain and establish this constitution."

Article 3

Dejure Republican Form of Government Ordained by the Jural Society became Dormant and Vacant after the Civil War

WHEREAS, The dejure republican form of government known as "the State of Texas", ordained by the Texian Jural Society in 1845, became vacant and dormant after the Civil War by the failure of Reconstruction to bring "the State of Texas" back into the dejure union and in its place was created the STATE OF TEXAS and its form of government defined as a Municipal Corporation in the Texas Constitution of 1876, quoted as follows:

CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF TEXAS

ARTICLE XI. Municipal Corporations

"SECTION 1. The several counties of this State are hereby recognized as legal subdivisions of the State."

AND FURTHER THE STATE OF TEXAS is hereby shown in Section 1 of the 1876 Constitution to be a Municipal Corporation with subsidiary Municipal Corporations as counties of the DeFacto STATE OF TEXAS; and,

FURTHER, In the Bill of Rights at Article 1 Section 1 of the 1876 Constitution, Texas is identified as a free and independent DeJure State while the DeFacto STATE OF TEXAS Municipal Corporation referred to in Article 11 Section 1 serves as a DeFacto substitute government;

"SECTION 1. Texas is a free and independent State, subject only to the Constitution of the United States; and the maintenance of our free institutions and the perpetuity of the Union depend upon the preservation of the right of local self-government unimpaired to all the States."

Article 4

Sovereignty Continues with the Texian Jural Society after the Civil War

WHEREAS, The Sovereignty of the Texian Jural Society continues to the present day as acknowledged and evidenced in the DeFacto Municipal Corporation Texas Constitution of 1876;

ARTICLE I.

Bill of Rights.

"SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people and all free governments are founded on their authority, and instituted for their benefit. The faith of the people of Texas stands pledged to the preservation of a republican form of government, and, subject to this limitation only, they have at all times the inalienable right to alter, reform or abolish their government in such manner as they may think expedient."

Article 5

the Texian Jural Society Asserts Their Sovereignty in March of 2010 to Exercise Self-Government on the Land in Texas

WHEREAS, the Texian Jural Society, in conjunction with the other forty-nine compact states, acted in union by Declaring their intent and their purpose, to re-inhabit the Land Mass of their respective states thereby inheriting the DeJure Name, Laws and Treaties of their respective past in the document entitled the "unanimous Declaration of the sovereign People of the united States of America to restore and re-inhabit the free American republics" delivered on March 29th, 2010, which is quoted below in part and which constituted a Notice to the Peoples and Nations of the World:

"Notice. This Warrant comprises notice to each and all of the above-listed men and women and all agents and nominees thereof and successors thereto, and to all the people, governments and nations of the world, of the re-inhabitation of the legitimate de jure un-incorporated republican government institutions pursuant to the constitutions of the free American republics and the United States of America republic, c. 1787 and the conclusion, termination, voiding and de-

funding of the de facto office of "Governor" of each of the aforesaid fifty (50) political subdivisions of the United States Federal Corporation."

Article 6

The Municipal Corporation THE STATE OF TEXAS Defaults

WHEREAS, The Texian Jural Society convened a Grand Jury who thereafter deliberated and delivered Notice of the Re-Inhabitation on March 29, 2010 to the Peoples and Nations of the world that the republic was restored; and,

WHEREAS, The Texas Grand Jury delivered to the DeFacto Authorities of THE STATE OF TEXAS (the Municipal Corporation) an Order demanding that they take their Oaths of Office to the Constitutional Republic or vacate their Offices, said Order included a grant of Sovereign Immunity to the Officers noticed by the Texian Jural Society; and,

WHEREAS, The Notice and Demands were met with Deliberate Indifference by the Authorities of the DeFacto STATE OF TEXAS Municipal Corporation whereby they defaulted in exercising their delegated Powers to Interpose the Sovereignty delegated to them by the Texian Jural Society.

Article 7

Notice By
the Texian Jural Society
of their Exercise of All Reserved Powers
and
eclaration of Their Sovereignty as Superio

Declaration of Their Sovereignty as Superior Subject only to Almighty God and Due to His Beneficence

THEREFORE, The Texian Jural Society do this day Notice all of the Peoples and Nations of the World that the status of the People of Texas stands this day as it did in March of 1836 as set forth in the Texas Declaration of Independence, as quoted below:

...the people of Texas constitute a free, sovereign, and independent republic, and are fully invested with all the rights and attributes which properly belong to independent States;

FURTHER, The Texian Jural Society do hereby individually and collectively declare that the Sovereignty resides in the Texian Jural Society precisely to the same measure as the Founding Class/Group Declared their Sovereignty to be on March 2nd of 1836 in the Texas Declaration of Independence, subject to the beneficence of Almighty God and to those documents the Texian Jural Society have ratified, to secure the principles of Self-Government to all Texans.

Article 8

Authority of the Notice

BE IT KNOWN BY THESE PRESENTS, That this Notice is hereby made to the Peoples and Nations of the world by the Texian Jural Society as the Supreme Authority within their boundaries, subject only to the will and blessings of God Almighty and in harmony with the Authority of Fundamental Organic Law, the Law of Nations, and the Founding Documents of the republic of Texas and the united States of America which are attached and made a part of this Notice.

WE HEREBY INVOKE THE PROTECTION OF GOD ALMIGHTY AND SET OUR SEALS AND OUR HANDS TO THIS NOTICE.